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PPLICATION NO.	. F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/766,622		01/27/2004	Chan Young Park	2080-3-224	. 3759
35884	7590	12/07/2006	•	EXAMINER	
•	•	ERMAN, KANG &	SAID, MANSOUR M		
801 S. FIGU 12TH FLOO		REET	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
LOS ANGELES, CA 90017				2629	

DATE MAILED: 12/07/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	_
		10/766,622	PARK, CHAN YOUNG	
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	_
		MANSOUR M. SAID	2629	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap or Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address	_
A SHOWHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING It is is not of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailined patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from te, cause the application to become ABANDO	ON. timely filed om the mailing date of this communication. NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status				
2a) <u></u> ☐	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>27.</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, p		
Dispositi	on of Claims			
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-13</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) <u>14 and 15</u> is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	awn from consideration.		
Applicati	on Papers			
10) 🗌 -	The specification is objected to by the Examin The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correc The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	cepted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Setion is required if the drawing(s) is a	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119			
a)[2	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureate the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in Application or the contraction of the con	ation No ved in this National Stage	
2) 🔲 Notice 3) 🔯 Inform	(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) eation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date 4/1/05.	4) Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail 5) Notice of Informa 6) Other:	Date	

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claim1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

As to claim 1, the claimed limitations said "to be described later" is not clear, and it contains an indefinite language. Correction is needed.

Double Patenting

3. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground

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provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

4. Claims 1-11 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-13 of U.S. Patent No. 6,874,893 B2. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because claims 1-11 of current Application are broader than claims 1-13 of U.S. Patent No. 6,874,893 B2.

The omission of an element and its function where not needed is obvious. *Ex parte*Rainu, 168 USPQ 375 (PTO Bd. Of App. 1969). The omission of an element and its function in a combination is an obvious expedient if the remaining elements perform the same functions as before. *In re Karlson*, 136 USPQ 184 (CCPA 1963).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for

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patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

6. Claim 12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Flint (2002/0063854 A1).

Flint teaches a laser display system (figure 1) having at least more than two lasers (figures 1-5, column 2, paragraph 0021-0022 and column 2, paragraph 0024), and a display panel (figure 1, (31-33) for receiving an electrical picture signal (figure 1 and column 2, paragraph 0024), and regulating a quantity of light from the laser to form an image based on the electrical picture signal (figure 1, column 1, paragraph 0008-0010, column 2, paragraph 0021-0024) comprising a light superimpose (optical switch, (figure 1, (12)) of optical fibers for superimposing the lights from the lasers (figures 1-5, column 1, paragraph 0008-0011, column 2, paragraph 0021-0024).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 8. Claim 13 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Flint in view of Kubota et al. (6,973,254 B2; hereinafter referred to as Kubota).

Flint teaches all claimed limitations in claim 13 except that the optical fiber by using a different of refractive indices between the optical fiber core and an optical fiber cladding.

However, Kubota teaches optical fiber by using a different of refractive indices between the optical fiber core and an optical fiber cladding (abstract and column 2, lines 30-45).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate Kubota's teaching into Flint system so as to provide a laser display unit using the optical fiber (column 2, lines 30-35).

Allowable Subject Matter

9. Claims 14-15 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

"wherein the light superimposer includes; at least one optical fiber inlet part for receiving the red, green, and blue beams of light, an optical fiber superimposing part having at least one optical fiber inlet part unitized into one for superimposing the red, green, and blue beams of light to form a white beam of light, and an optical fiber output part for providing the white beam of light".

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Conclusion

10. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Butterworth et al. (6,005,722) teach an optical display system.

Lee (6,426,781 B1) teaches a laser video projector.

Kurtz et al. (6,577,429 B1) teach a laser projection display system.

Zarian et al. (2002/0028042 A1) teach an optical fiber core surrounded by a cladding with a reflective material.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mansour M. Said whose telephone number is 571-272-7679. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday from 8:30-6:00 P.M. The examiner can also be reached on alternate Friday from 8:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. EST. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Richard A. Hjerpe whose telephone number is 571-272-7681.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Washington, D.C. 20231

or faxed to: 571-273-8300 (for Technology Center 2600 only)

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be

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system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Mansour M. Said

12/5/06

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